# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### **T2 V2.0 CYAN**

### **Section 1. Identification**

Product no. : RDP1407 SR341
Product name : T2 V2.0 Black UV Ink

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Ink and Coatings, Printing

Uses advised against

Not applicable.

Manufacturer details : Inkcups Now, Corp

Ink Department 310 Andover Street Danvers, MA 01923 United States +1 978 646 8980

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)
Email Information

800.535.5053 INFOTRAC 24 Hour Spill and Emergency (010-1-

352-323-3500 outside of North America)

compliance@inkcups.com

### Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance

or mixture

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2

EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED

EVENCE OF THE PARTY A

EXPOSURE) - Category 1

#### **GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms

Signal word : Dange

**Hazard statements**: H315:Causes skin irritation.

H317:May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319:Causes serious eye irritation.

H361:Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H372:Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

#### **Precautionary statements**

Prevention : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all

safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using

this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Response**: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. Take

off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical

advice or attention.

Storage : Store locked up.

**Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Chemical name : RDP1407 SR341 FREE LED CYAN Other means of identification : RDP1407 SR341 FREE LED CYAN

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-(1,6-hexanediyl) ester	>= 25 - <= 50	-
2H-Azepin-2-one, 1-ethenylhexahydro-	>= 10 - < 22	2235-00-9
Photoinitiator	> 0 - <= 10	-
Acrylate Ester Monomers	> 0 - <= 5	-
Diacrylate Oligomer	> 0 - <= 5	-
monoalkyl or monoaryl or monoalkylaryl esters of acrylic acid	> 0 - <= 5	-
Triacrylate Monomer	> 0 - < 1	-
2-Oxepanone, homopolymer, 2-[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-	> 0 - <= 0.3	-

#### yl)oxy]ethyl ester

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section. Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting

the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical

attention.

**Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth

resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.

Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar,

tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48

hours.

**Skin contact**: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated

clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion**: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If

material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight

clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation,

watering, redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal

weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness,

reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal

malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal

weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire,

symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to

be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear

gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

None known.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the

container may burst.

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, sulfur oxides,

phosphorus oxides, metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for : fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal

protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take

note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency

personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with

soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution

(sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute

with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a

licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area.

Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the

same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste

disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-(1,6-	OARS WEEL (1999-01-01). [Hexanediol Diacrylate] Skin

### INKCUPS

hexanediyl) ester	sensitizer. TWA 1 mg/m3
2H-Azepin-2-one, 1- ethenylhexahydro-	None.
Photoinitiator	None.
Acrylate Ester Monomers	None.
Diacrylate Oligomer	None.
monoalkyl or monoaryl or monoalkylaryl esters of acrylic acid	None.
Triacrylate Monomer	None.
2-Oxepanone, homopolymer, 2-[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)oxy]ethyl ester	None.

#### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

# Appropriate engineering

controls

**Environmental exposure** controls

If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use

process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable

levels.

#### Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection:

chemical splash goggles.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 04/24/2024 Version: 2.0 Date of previous issue: 04/23/2024 Skin protection

Hand protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling

chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to

breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected

> based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection Other skin protection

measures should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a Respiratory protection

> respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important

aspects of use.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### Appearance

Physical state liquid Color Blue.

Odor Not available. Odor threshold Not available.

pН Not available.

Melting point/freezing point Not available. Boiling point, initial boiling Not available. point, and boiling range

Not Measured. Flashpoint is estimated to be >93°C (>200°F). Flash point

Date of issue/Date of revision: Version: 2.0 04/24/2024 Date of previous issue: 04/23/2024 **Flammability** 

Lower and upper explosion

limit/flammability limit

Vapor pressure

Relative vapor density

Relative density

Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature

**Decomposition temperature** 

Viscosity

.

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

Not applicable.

1.03

Lower: Not available. Upper: Not available.

**Dynamic** Not available.

:

Kinematic Not available.

:

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this

product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

**Incompatible materials** : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name Result Species Dose Exposure

2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-(1,6-hexanediyl) ester						
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5,000 mg/kg	-		
2H-Azepin-2-one, 1-ethenyl	2H-Azepin-2-one, 1-ethenylhexahydro-					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1,114 mg/kg	-		
Photoinitiator						
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5,000 mg/kg	-		

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
(1,6-hexanediyl) ester					

Conclusion/Summary

Skin:Not available.Eyes:Not available.Respiratory:Not available.

**Sensitization** 

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Not available.
Respiratory : Not available.

**Mutagenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of	Target organs
		exposure	

### INKCUPS

monoalkyl or monoaryl or	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
monoalkylaryl esters of acrylic			irritation
acid			

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2H-Azepin-2-one, 1-	Category 1	-	-
ethenylhexahydro-			

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

**Information on the likely routes** : Not available.

of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eve contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation,

watering, redness

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal

weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation,

redness, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal

malformations

Ingestion Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal

weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### **Short term exposure**

Potential immediate effects Not available. Potential delayed effects Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects Not available. Potential delayed effects Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur

when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Reproductive toxicity: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation (gases)	Inhalation (vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists)
RDP1407 SR341 FREE LED CYAN	7578.2 mg/kg	7483 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-(1,6-hexanediyl) ester	5000 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2H-Azepin-2-one, 1- ethenylhexahydro-	1114 mg/kg	1100 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A
Photoinitiator	5000 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-(1,6-	2.81	-	low
hexanediyl) ester			

Photoinitiator	-	53.00 - 72.00	low
Triacrylate Monomer	2.52	-	low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient :

Not available.

(KOC)

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Section 13. Disposal considerations**

**Disposal methods** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	-	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	Not regulated.	ENVIRONMEN TALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (2- Propenoic acid, 1,1'-(1,6-	ENVIRONMENT ALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-(1,6-hexanediyl) ester,	ENVIRONMENT ALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-(1,6- hexanediyl) ester,	ENVIRONMEN TALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (2- Propenoic acid, 1,1'-(1,6-

		hexanediyl)	Photoinitiator)	Photoinitiator)	hexanediyl)
		ester,			ester,
		Photoinitiator)			Photoinitiator)
Transport	-	9	9	9	9
hazard class(es)		<b>1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</b>	<b>1</b>		<b>1</b>
Packing group	-	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.

**IMDG** This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when

> transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to

This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when IATA

> transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.

Special precautions for

user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an

accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according

to IMO instruments

Not available.

# **Section 15. Regulatory information**

U.S. Federal regulations TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report

(PAIR): Bis(2-ethylhexyl)-2-butenedioate;

Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane; Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane;

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 -

**Priority pollutants:** TolueneBenzene, methyl-;

EthylbenzeneBenzene, ethyl-;

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -

Hazardous substances: Cyclohexane; Toluene;

Ethylbenzene;

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)

**Hazardous Air Pollutants** 

(HAPs)

Listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Not listed

Class I Substances

Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)

Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)

Not listed

#### **SARA 302/304**

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	EHS	SARA 302/304
HYDROQUINONE	> 0 - < 0.1	Yes.	SARA 302 TPQ Solid upper limit: 10000
			lb(s)
			<b>SARA 304 RQ:</b> 100 lb(s)
			<b>SARA 302 TPQ:</b> 500 lb(s)

**SARA 304 RQ** : 1763665.3 lbs

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2

EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED

EXPOSURE) - Category 1

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'- (1,6-hexanediyl) ester	>= 25 - <= 50	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
2H-Azepin-2-one, 1- ethenylhexahydro-	>= 10 - < 22	ACUTE TOXICITY - oral - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - dermal - Category 4 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
Photoinitiator	> 0 - <= 10	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
Acrylate Ester Monomers	> 0 - <= 5	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2

## INKEUPS

		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
Diacrylate Oligomer	> 0 - <= 5	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
monoalkyl or monoaryl or monoalkylaryl esters of acrylic acid	> 0 - <= 5	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Respiratory tract irritation - Category 3
Triacrylate Monomer	> 0 - < 1	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
2-Oxepanone, homopolymer, 2-[(1-oxo- 2-propen-1-yl)oxy]ethyl ester	> 0 - <= 0.3	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

#### **State regulations**

**Massachusetts**: None of the components are listed.

**New York** : None of the components are listed.

**New Jersey** : None of the components are listed.

**Pennsylvania** : None of the components are listed.

#### California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

#### **International regulations**

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

#### **Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals**

None of the components are listed.

#### **Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals**

None of the components are listed.

#### **Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals**

None of the components are listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

None of the components are listed.

#### **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

#### **Annex A - Elimination - Production**

None of the components are listed.

#### **Annex A - Elimination - Use**

None of the components are listed.

#### **Annex B - Restriction - Production**

None of the components are listed.

#### **Annex B - Restriction - Use**

None of the components are listed.

#### <u>Annex C - Unintentional - Production</u>

None of the components are listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) - Industrial

None of the components are listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) - Pesticide

None of the components are listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) -Severely hazardous pesticide

None of the components are listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

#### **Heavy metals - Annex 1**

None of the components are listed.

#### POPs - Annex 1 - Production

None of the components are listed.

#### POPs - Annex 1 - Use

None of the components are listed.

#### POPs - Annex 2

None of the components are listed.

#### POPs - Annex 3

None of the components are listed.

#### **Inventory list**

Australia : Not determined.
Canada : Not determined.
China : Not determined.

Eurasian Economic Union : Russian Federation inventory: Not determined. : Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

New ZealandNot determined.PhilippinesNot determined.Republic of KoreaNot determined.TaiwanNot determined.ThailandNot determined.TurkeyNot determined.

**United States** : All components are listed or exempted.

Viet Nam : Not determined.

### **Section 16. Other information**

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY	Calculation method
(REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1	

#### **History**

Date of printing: 06/17/2024Date of issue/Date of revision: 04/24/2024Date of previous issue: 04/23/2024Version: 2.0

Prepared by : HEGLANDS

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" =

marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.